

<<临床医学英语>>

图书基本信息

书名：<<临床医学英语>>

13位ISBN编号：9787811252019

10位ISBN编号：7811252015

出版时间：2008-7

出版时间：中国海洋大学出版社

作者：高艳，等编

页数：351

版权说明：本站所提供下载的PDF图书仅提供预览和简介，请支持正版图书。

更多资源请访问：<http://www.tushu007.com>

前言

《21世纪高等医学英语系列教材》问世已经近10年了。
随着人类文明的不断发展、人类社会对医疗需求标准的不断提高，医学和医疗技术的日新月异之变化有目共睹。
修订这部我国历史上第一套兼顾医学英语读说听写诸方面技能提高的教材，势在必行。
修订遵循两条原则：第一是时代性。
所谓时代性体现在理念、内容和教学手段等诸方面。
理念也就是修订的主导思想和落脚点——整体医疗观。
因为整体医疗观是世界各国对现代医疗的共同、客观、科学、全面的认识。
它强调人体与环境、社会、心理、情感等诸方面的和谐一致，是保证高水平生活质量的必由之路，也自然是培养新时代合格医生的新标准。
为此，修订版依据此原则对教材内容进行重大改动，读者使用教材后会有所体验。
时代性在教学手段上的表现是将原来《医学英语听与说》分册改为《医学英语视听说》。
科学技术的进步使现代化教学手段逐步成为可能。
生动、具体、有趣的影视资料以教学的形式出现，不但可以提高学习效果，也增加了教材使用的途径。
它便于教学，也可用于自学。

<<临床医学英语>>

内容概要

《21世纪高等医学英语系列教材：临床医学英语（修订版）》问世已经近10年了。随着人类文明的不断发展、人类对医疗需求标准的不断提高，医学和医疗技术的日新月异之变化有目共睹。

修订这部我国历史上第一套兼顾医学英语读说听写诸方面技能提高的教材，势在必行。

修订遵循两条原则：第一是时代性。

所谓时代性体现在理念、内容和教学手段等诸方面。

理念也就是修订的主导思想和落脚点——整体医疗观。

因为整体医疗观是世界各国对现代医疗的共同、客观、科学、全面的认识。

它强调人体与环境、社会、心理、情感等诸方面的和谐一致，是保证高水平生活质量的必由之路，也自然是培养新时代合格医生的新标准。

为此，修订版依据此原则对教材内容进行重大改动，读者使用教材后会有所体验。

时代性在教学手段上的表现是将原来《医学英语听与说》分册改为《医学英语视听说》。

科学技术的进步使现代化教学手段逐步成为可能。

生动、具体、有趣的影视资料以教学的形式出现，不但可以提高学习效果，也增加了教材使用的途径。

它便于教学，也可用于自学。

书籍目录

Unit 1 Holistic Health Text A Preventive and Holistic Health Text B Lifestyle Changes: An Essential Part of Controlling High Blood Pressure Text C A Baby Boomer's Guide to Maximal Health and Longevity Text D Terminating Medical Interventions Writing Medical Research Papers: Structure and Requirements Unit 2 Osteoporosis Text A Osteoporosis and Risk Factors to Our Bone Text B Preventing Osteoporosis: Beyond Milk: More Than Milk Text C Calcium Intake Must Start Early Text D Osteosarcoma (Osteogenic Sarcoma) Writing Medical Research Papers: Titles Unit 3 Gene Therapy Text A On Gene and Gene Therapy Text B What Is a Gene ? Text C Gene Therapy and Children Text D Introduction to Medical Genetics Writing Medical Research Papers: Abstracts (1) Unit 4 Parkinson's Disease Text A Parkinson's Disease Text B Complications of PD and Coping-Skills Text C The Genes and People That Link to Parkinson's Disease Text D Neuropsychiatric Symptoms of Parkinson's Disease Writing Medical Research Papers: Abstracts (2) Unit 5 Coronary Artery Disease Text A Atherosclerosis: A Major Cause of Cardiovascular Disease Text B Stroke Text C Anxiety Worsens Prognosis in Patients with Coronary Artery Disease Text D Coronary Atherosclerosis Writing Case Report Unit 6 ICU Text A A Guide to Intensive Care Unit Text B A Day in ICU Text C Malnutrition in the ICU Text D Oxygen " Debt " Concept of Septic Shock Writing History and Physical (1) Unit 7 Modern Surgery Text A Recent Advances in Minimal Access Surgery Text B Minimally Invasive Parathyroidectomy Heralds a New Era in the Treatment of Primary Hyperparathyroidism Text C Minimally Invasive Medicine (MIM) : A New Theoretical System of Medicine Text D Historical Background of Surgical Infection Writing History and Physical (2) Unit 8 Tuberculosis Text A XDR Tuberculosis: Implications for Global Public Health Text B TB or Not TB ? A New Test for the Disease of Pharaohs Text C Tuberculosis, Newer Strains Are Showing Up Text D Postprimary Disease of Tuberculosis Unit 9 Bird Flu Text A Avian Influenza A (H5N1) Infection in Humans Text B Avian Influenza: A Challenge to Global Health Care Structures Text C Protecting Virus Offers Instant Flu Protection and Converts Flu Infections Into Their Own Vaccines Text D Epidemiology of Influenza Writing Discharge Summary Unit 10 Diabetes Mellitus Text A Prospects for Research in Diabetes Mellitus Text B Insulin Pumps Text C Diabetics Cured in Stem-Cell Treatment Advance Text D Forms of Type 1 Diabetes Writing Rsum Unit 11 Maternal-Fetal Medicine Text A Cesarean Delivery and the Risk-Benefit Calculus Text B Perinatal Mortality in Developing Countries Text C Ectopic Pregnancy Text D Essentials of Prenatal Care Writing Application Letter Unit 12 Emergency Medicine Text A Cardiac Resuscitation Text B The Development of Emergency Medical Services in the United States Text C Carbon Monoxide Poisoning Text D Diagnosis of Septic Shock Writing Personal Statement Unit 13 AIDS Text A HIV and AIDS Text B One Disease, Two Epidemics——AIDS at 25 Text C Living with HIV, Dying of Cancer Text D Epidemiology of AIDS Writing Emails Unit 14 Cancer Text A Translating Cancer Genomics into Clinical Oncology Text B New Vaccines Reversing Melanoma, Leukemia, Lymphoma, Pancreatic, Prostate Cancer Text C Progress in Cancer Control Through Screening and Early Detection Text D Clinicopathological Correlations of Tumour Metastasis Writing Certificates Unit 15 Progress in Medical Imaging Text A Out of the Shadows——MRI and the Nobel Prize Text B New Horizons in Oncologic Imaging Text C Combining Molecular Imaging Technologies to Stop or Prevent Heart Attacks Text D Interventional Computed Tomography Answer Key Glossary Appendices Appendix 1 常用临床医学英文术语 Appendix 2 处方中常见缩略语 Appendix 3 病历中常用缩略语 Appendix 4 检验中常用缩略语 Appendix 5 本书中主要缩略语 Appendix 6 国内医务人员称谓 Appendix 7 国外医院职员称谓 Appendix 8 医院科室名称 Appendix 9 部分常用医学英语网站 Appendix 10 常用医学杂志及其网站

章节摘录

No one wants to suffer. Most desire freedom and happiness. Any disease or physical disorder can interfere with these pursuits, at least for a time. In most such circumstances we face, expectations of a rapid and full recovery provides hope and relief from the experienced suffering. We do not feel doomed, disabled or depressed by the washed out feeling and nasal symptoms of a winter cold because we know we will feel better again in 4-14 days. However, when a disease becomes chronic, feelings of depression and grief from loss of health and function are the rule. Throw difficulty of diagnosis and treatment on top of that, and feelings of hopelessness usually follow. These are appropriate feelings because in the instantaneous rational/tangible scheme of things, there may be nothing to have hope in. This will worsen the depressed isolated feelings of a sufferer of a chronic disabling disease. Now think of a disabled or chronically ill person with whom you may have come into contact, who, despite an obvious physical limitation or incurable, possibly even fatal disease, seems to possess a positive and cheerful disposition.

How is this possible ?

A few weeks ago, a woman called me because she was having intestinal symptoms. At that time she sounded worried on the phone, seemingly more because she was afraid doctors in her area would not know how to diagnose her rather than because of the symptoms per se. It turned out she had ovarian cancer. She was diagnosed less than three weeks ago. When I talked to her yesterday she sounded positive and secure. She expressed gratitude over the quality of her healthcare and the rapidity with which her diagnosis was made. Despite having to undergo chemotherapy (and already enduring one session) , she displayed a positive, fighting spirit. She did not for a minute express pity or sadness about her diagnosis.

版权说明

本站所提供下载的PDF图书仅提供预览和简介，请支持正版图书。

更多资源请访问:<http://www.tushu007.com>