

<<新托福考试专项进阶>>

图书基本信息

书名：<<新托福考试专项进阶>>

13位ISBN编号：9787800809859

10位ISBN编号：7800809854

出版时间：2009-8

出版时间：群言

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页数：325

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内容概要

《新托福考试专项进阶》系列丛书从托福考试所考查的听、说、读、写四项技能入手，为考生提供了详尽的考试指导，并将各技能分为初、中、高三级，通过独特的“进阶训练”方式，再辅以大量练习，让考生逐步掌握托福实考的技巧，同时切实提高英语实际运用能力，从而在短期内轻松取得托福高分。

本丛书内容编排由易到难，循序渐进，实战性强，是不可多得的托福备考资料。

本丛书引进自韩国多乐园出版社。

该社成立于1977年，在韩国英语教育出版领域始终处于领军地位。

本丛书被韩国众多学校和培训机构指定为课堂教材，在托福考生中享有较高声誉。

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章节摘录

The French Revolution was an important period in the history of Western Civilization. During this time, France's absolute monarchy was replaced with a republican government. The Roman Catholic Church was also forced to give up much of its power. France would still swing between republic, empire, and monarchy for 75 years after the revolution ended. But this event is seen as a major turning point in the age of democracy. Many political, social, and economic factors led to the revolution. The old rulers were destroyed by their own rigidity. The rising middle class allied itself with workers and the poor. They were influenced by the ideas of the Enlightenment.

In the months before the revolution, food was scarce. The price of bread was so high that workers could not afford it. Unemployment was rampant. Those who were caught stealing risked being beheaded by the guillotine. King Louis XVI failed to deal with these problems effectively. As the revolution proceeded, the king began to fight with his officials, which led to much bloodshed. The national debt was out of control, and taxes were too high.

By this time, King Louis XVI tried to have the National Assembly closed. So, they had their meeting on a tennis court and vowed not to take a break until France had a constitution. On July 11, 1789, King Louis tried to banish the reformist minister, Necker. Many of the citizens of Paris flew into open rebellion. On July 14th, they stormed the Bastille prison and killed its governor. They freed criminals and killed the mayor of Paris. The frightened king signed an agreement to give the people a constitution. This saved him for a while. The slogan of the revolution was, "Liberty, equality, fraternity, or death !

" This slogan is still used. It has become the rallying cry for people trying to overthrow oppressive governments.

The noblemen of France were not safe. Some tried wearing their servants' clothes while many others fled the country. Many changes took place. Towns lost their powers of heavy taxation, and the church lost most of its power and land.

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