

图书基本信息

书名：<<高考-完形填空与阅读理解分层突破>>

13位ISBN编号：9787543567269

10位ISBN编号：7543567261

出版时间：2012-6

出版时间：广西教育出版社

作者：蔡晔 编

页数：172

字数：430000

版权说明：本站所提供下载的PDF图书仅提供预览和简介，请支持正版图书。

更多资源请访问：<http://www.tushu007.com>

## 内容概要

《沸腾英语：完形填空与阅读理解分层突破（高考）》以“英语课程标准”为指导，完全按照近年来全国各省英语完形填空和阅读理解测试题型的特点和命题趋势设计。

书中内容的层次划分严格按照学生的认知规律，先简后繁，先易后难，层层深入，步步提高，经过众多一线优秀教师的潜心研究和长期教学实践，编写而成。

《沸腾英语：完形填空与阅读理解分层突破（高考）》分为“专项突破周周练”“考前冲刺模拟训练”和“自主招生各联盟典题”三个层次。

选文内容由易到难、层层递进。

初始阶段采用周周练的模式，帮助学生养成每天一练，每周定时阅读的好习惯。

每天阅读的习惯可增强学生的阅读信心，逐步形成阅读兴趣，为下面的阅读学习打好基础。

随着层次的不不断递增，Part2部分的冲刺模拟试卷完全按照全国几个重点省份近年的真题组织编写，有利于学生在不知不觉中体验高考题型和难度，不断提高阅读能力。

Part3部分针对优秀学生的需求，编写了近年自主招生联盟样题中的完形填空题和阅读理解题，帮助优秀学生在英语学习方面全面突破。

《沸腾英语：完形填空与阅读理解分层突破（高考）》所选材料注重可读性和趣味性的统一，选择大纲要求中的常见话题，涵盖时事新闻、科技发明、文化风俗、历史名胜、人文地理、著名人物、趣味故事、科普知识、新闻报道、文学艺术、广告等学生们感兴趣的题材。

学生们通过本书的训练，既以提高自己的阅读能力，又可以拓展自己的视野，升华自己的心灵。

## 作者简介

蔡晔作者：男，1973年12月出生，江苏徐州人。

毕业于北京师范大学。

曾任教于北京市西城外国语学校，中教一级；拥有多年的基础教学和教辅出版的一线经验，一直未离开过教育行业，对教育有很深的了解和独到的见解；主编过“天天练系列”“黑皮英语系列”“沸腾英语”“高分密码”等优秀图书。

书籍目录

Part 1 专项突破周周练

Week 1

Monday

阅读理解 交通规则

Tuesday

完形填空 第一次开车的经历

阅读理解 英语习语

Wednesday

阅读理解 惠特妮·休斯顿

Thursday

完形填空 珍惜时间享受生活

阅读理解 勇敢地面对困难

Friday

Week 2

Monday

阅读理解 盲人餐厅

Tuesday

完形填空 树立自信

阅读理解 艺术疗法

Wednesday

阅读理解 史蒂文·霍金

Thursday

完形填空 高跟鞋的危害

阅读理解 屠呦呦的伟大发明

Friday

Week 3

Monday

阅读理解 危急关头的猫狗

Tuesday

完形填空 赝品与宝物

阅读理解 图书慈善

Wednesday

阅读理解 涡轮发电机

Thursday

完形填空 人生如镜

阅读理解 烹饪的好处

Friday

Week 4

Monday

阅读理解 国旗的发展史

Tuesday

完形填空 IF和WHEN的争论

阅读理解 勇敢的力量

Wednesday

阅读理解 长大后我就成了你

Thursday

完形填空 多伦多电视塔

阅读理解 信息高速和全球变暖

Friday

Week 5

Monday

阅读理解 僵尸蜜蜂

Tuesday

完形填空 Billy因小狗而改变

阅读理解 青少年上网的弊病

Wednesday

阅读理解 高个人群的需求

Thursday

完形填空 好情绪与坏情绪

阅读理解 残疾男孩自立自强

Friday

Week 6

Monday

阅读理解 宇宙飞船发射

Tuesday

完形填空 校园“幸运儿”

阅读理解 网络利弊

Wednesday

阅读理解 获得良好的记忆力

Thursday

完形填空 现实版灰姑娘

阅读理解 能源问题

Friday

Week 7

Monday

阅读理解 阅读的益处

Tuesday

完形填空 人性的光辉

阅读理解 招聘广告

Wednesday

阅读理解 互联网咖啡馆

Thursday

完形填空 幸福的秘诀

阅读理解 高海拔山区与心脏病

Friday

Week 8

Monday

阅读理解 良好的家庭教育

Tuesday

完形填空 珍惜美好时光

阅读理解 面试技巧

Wednesday

阅读理解 爱心奉献

Thursday

完形填空 师生关系

完形填空 做笔记的技巧

阅读理解 体育锻炼与健康

Friday

Week 9

Monday

阅读理解 制作硬糖的步骤

Tuesday

完形填空 飞机上的历险记

阅读理解 风俗文化的差异

Wednesday

阅读理解 神秘的热带雨林

Thursday

完形填空 持之以恒的精神

阅读理解 生态旅游

Friday

Week 10

Monday

阅读理解 Wolf Camp

Tuesday

完形填空 成功与失败

阅读理解 艺术修养

Wednesday

阅读理解 关注女性健康

Thursday

完形填空 陌生人的帮助

阅读理解 珍惜友谊珍惜生命

Friday

Week 11

Monday

阅读理解 高效学习法

Tuesday

完形填空 富人做慈善

阅读理解 微笑的功能

Wednesday

阅读理解 整容

Thursday

完形填空 真正的帮助

阅读理解 2014冬奥会

Friday

Week 12

Monday

阅读理解 思念逝者

Tuesday

完形填空 梦想实现

阅读理解 假期消费的安全

Wednesday

阅读理解 冷漠与热心

Thursday

完形填空 寻求帮助

阅读理解 失而复得的吉他

Friday

Week 13

Monday

阅读理解 学生发明赢大奖

Tuesday

完形填空 女孩打篮球

阅读理解 减轻书包重量

.....

Part 2 考前冲刺模拟训练

Part 3 各联盟自主招生典题训练

答案与解析

## 章节摘录

版权页：插图：阅读下列应用文及相关信息，并按照规定匹配信息。

以下是一些新闻报道的信息。

A. Science magazine published the study. The scientist collected evidence from years of observations in six areas on Borneo and Sumatra. The scientists found that the animals demonstrated a total of twenty-four signs of cultural activity. Several actions were demonstrated in some orangutan groups, but not others. B. The Environmental Investigation Agency and Telapak released the report. Telapak is an environmental group based in Indonesia. The Environmental Investigation Agency operates in several countries. The two groups say Indonesia controls ten percent of the world's tropical rainforests. C. Richard Sander is the chairman of the C-C-E. He praised the companies forming the group for demonstrating leadership. He said they believe that an active way to deal with global warming helps everyone. The group said its members want to reduce costs they may face from future rules on greenhouse gas emissions. Trading credits may help businesses find the most effective methods to reduce pollution. Members also hope to improve their public image on environmental issues. D. Their most detailed effort involved ninety kinds of birds, insects and plants in North America and Europe. They found that the territory where these plants and animals live has moved north by an average of six kilometers every ten years. In Europe, some butterflies now live as much as one hundred kilometers to the north because of changes linked to higher temperatures. E. The new report says many areas experienced unusual weather in two thousand and two. Most of Asia, for example, was warmer than usual. India had unusually high temperatures in April and May. The extremely hot weather caused hundreds of deaths. There also were extremely dry conditions across India. Parts of Africa experienced unusual heavy rains. Yet other areas in Africa had unusual dry weather. F. Hydrogen is the most common element in the universe. Hydrogen is a colorless gas. On Earth, it is present in large amounts in natural gas, coal, plants and water. By weight, hydrogen produces the highest energy levels of any known fuel. When burned in an engine, hydrogen releases no harmful pollution into the environment. When powering a fuel cell, the only waste is water. However, hydrogen is difficult to store. It also burns easily. 请阅读以下新闻信息，然后匹配与上面新闻相关的报道内容。

\_\_\_\_\_ 1. A severe ocean storm hit South Korea in August. It set a new national record for rainfall. In central Europe, more than one hundred people died in flooding caused by heavy rainfall in September. The flooding also resulted in thousands of millions of dollars in property damage. Yet large parts of North and South America had extremely dry weather. \_\_\_\_\_ 2. One member of the Chicago Climate Exchange is American Electric Power. It's the biggest owner of electric power producers in the United States. Company officials say they hope their company's membership will demonstrate the ability of the C-C-E to grow. \_\_\_\_\_ 3. For example, members of some groups make a kissing noise by tightening their mouths and sucking in air. Some groups use leaves to clean themselves or protect their hands from sharp objects. The scientists found that some of the animals use sticks as tools to remove insects from holes in trees. Other orangutans use leaves to crush insects or gather water.

\_\_\_\_\_ 4. Professors Parmesan and Yoke used similar methods to examine one hundred and seventy-two kinds of wildlife. They examined the timing of events in the spring, such as the appearance of flowers and the reproduction of animals. They found that these events happened on average of two days earlier than normal every ten years. \_\_\_\_\_ 5. They say illegal operations to remove trees are causing large areas of forest to disappear. Environmental Investigation Agency director Dave Curry says the illegal operations are completely out of control.



### 编辑推荐

《沸腾英语:完形填空与阅读理解分层突破(高考)》以“英语课程标准”为指导,完全按照近年来全国各省英语完形填空和阅读理解测试题型的特点和命题趋势设计。

书中内容的层次划分严格按照学生的认知规律,先简后繁,先易后难,层层深入,步步提高,经过众多一线优秀教师的潜心研究和长期教学实践,编写而成。

版权说明

本站所提供下载的PDF图书仅提供预览和简介，请支持正版图书。

更多资源请访问:<http://www.tushu007.com>