

图书基本信息

书名：<<卫生类A级-职称英语深度押题试卷与真题>>

13位ISBN编号：9787513621281

10位ISBN编号：7513621284

出版时间：2012-11

出版时间：中国经济出版社

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页数：131

字数：207000

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## 内容概要

本套试卷特点：一流的质量，编写组老师多次参与考试的选题、命题、阅卷工作。知识点覆盖全面，难度贴近真题，适合模拟训练，冲刺实战之用。综合了各培训班讲课中的精华，重点预测题型，针对容易失误、忽略的地方和难点进行反复训练。精选全国职称英语考试试题，可作为考生复习参考标准及练习自测之用。

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## 章节摘录

The ability of micro-organisms to find ways to avoid the action of the drugs used to cure the infections they cause is increasingly recognized as a global public health issue. Some bacteria have developed mechanisms which make them resistant to many of the antibiotics ( 抗生素 ) normally used for their treatment. They are known as multi-drug resistant bacteria , posing particular difficulties , as there may be few or no alternative options for therapy. They constitute a growing and global public health problem. WHO suggests that countries should be prepared to implement hospital infection control measures to limit the spread of multidrug resistant strains ( 菌株 ) and to reinforce national policy on prudent use of antibiotics , reducing the generation of antibiotic resistant bacteria. An article published in The Lancet Infectious Diseases on 11 August 2010 identified a new gene that enables some types of bacteria to be highly resistant to almost all antibiotics. The article has drawn attention to the issue of antimicrobial resistance , and , in particular , has raised awareness of infections caused by multi-drug resistant bacteria. While multi-drug resistant bacteria are not new and will continue to appear , this development requires monitoring and further study to understand the extent and modes of transmission , and to define the most effective measures for control. Those called upon to be alert to the problem of antimicrobial resistance and take appropriate action include consumers , managers of hospitals , patients , as well as national governments , the pharmaceutical ( 制药的 ) industry and international agencies. WHO strongly recommends that governments focus control and prevention efforts in the following areas like surveillance for antimicrobial resistance; rational antibiotic use , including education of healthcare workers and the public in the appropriate use of antibiotics; introducing or enforcing legislation related to stopping the selling of antibiotics without prescription; and strict adherence to infection prevention and control measures , including the use of hand-washing measures , particularly in healthcare facilities. Successful control of multidrug-resistant microorganisms has been documented in many countries , and the existing and well-known infection prevention and control measures can effectively reduce transmission of multi-drug resistant organisms if systematically implemented. WHO will continue to support countries to develop relevant policies , and to coordinate international efforts to combat antimicrobial resistance. Antimicrobial resistance will be the theme of WHO's World Health Day 2011. ....

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