

<<中国野生哺乳动物>>

图书基本信息

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内容概要

中国疆域辽阔，地形、地质及气候条件复杂，植被类型丰富，已知生存的野生哺乳动物多达14目、56科、530余种，约占全球种类的12%，是世界上野生哺乳动物资源最丰富的国家之一，本书在编写中强调内容的科学性，并注意图文并茂、文字简洁。

全书涉及14目、56科、534种，重点介绍其中受保护的种类，能对普及野生动物知识、对中国野生动物的保护事业有所帮助，尤其会有助于国外的学者和旅游者们了解中国野生动物的保护情况。

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作者简介

盛和林，江苏省锡山人现任中国兽类学会副理事长、中国陆生野生动物资源调查与检测技术委员会委员；大泰司纪之，毕业于北海道大学兽医系，留校任教，1986年以来，在中国青藏高原、新疆及东北动物特区进行鹿科动物调查；陆厚基，现在华东师范大学任教，从事动物学和生态学教学及研究工作，国际自然和自然资源联盟猫科专家组成员。

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书籍目录

PREFACE
ORDERS AND NUMBER OF SPECIES OF MAMMALS IN CHINA
INSECTIVORA
Erinaceidae
2Hylomys sinensis 4Erinaceus amurensis 6Hemiechinus dauuricus 6Soricidae 8Sorex minutus 10Sorex caecutiens
10Crocidura suaveolens 12Talpidae 14Parascaptor 14SCANDENTIA
Tupaia belangeri
16CHIROPTERA
Pteropodidae 17Pteropus dasymallus 18Rousettus leschenaulti 18Emballonuridae 20Taphozous
melanopogon 20Megadermatidae 22Megaderma lyra 22Rhinolophidae 24Rhinolophus rouxii 24Hipposideridae
26Vespertilionidae 28Myotis ricketti 30Pipistrellus pipistrellus 30Nyctalus noctula 32Plecotus auritus 32Molossidae
34Tadarida teniotis 35Lorisidae 36Nycticebus coucang 37Nycticebus pygmaeus 38Nycticebus intermedius
38Cercopithecidae 40Macaca nemestrina 40Macaca mulatta 42Macaca cyclopis 44Macaca arctoides 46Macaca
assamensis 46Macaca thibetana 48Pygathrix roxellanae 50Pygathrix brelichi 52Pygathrix bieti 54

媒体关注与评论

PREFACE China is a large country boasting highly varied climatic and geographical features. Grand vegetative habitats supporting a great diversity of mammalian life.

Five hundred thirty-four species of mammals under 14 orders and 56 families are found in China, comprising about 12.5% of total living mammalian fauna on earth.

China thus ranks among the most mammalian-diverse countries in the world.

Wild mammals are a vital component of the natural ecosystem and as such are indispensable to the well-being of mankind.

Since the beginning of human history, man has exploited mammals for his own purposes, i.e., providing him with food, clothing, and medicine, as well as sport and recreation and even an outlet for human artistic expression. Today, mammals are exploited for the same purposes as in the past and will continue to be vitally important to man far into the future. In spite of their importance to man, however, more and more mammalian species in the world are in decline and/or in danger of extinction, often due to man-made problems. In China as everywhere, habitat destruction caused by human activity and population pressures, environmental pollution, pesticides, and climatic change, etc., have caused severe depletion in numbers of many species, threatening the very survival of many of China's indigenous mammals.

In the 1980s, the dwindling numbers of animals, especially among the medium-sized and large-sized mammals, set off an alarm in both the Chinese and international scientific communities. In an effort to check the rapid decline in wildlife within its borders, the Chinese Government enacted the Wildlife Protection Law of the People's Republic of China on November 8, 1988. In accordance with this

Wildlife Protection Law, on December 10, 1988, the State Department issued a Key List of Protected Animals of all those wildlife species requiring governmental protection.

Both the Wildlife Protection law and the Key List of Protected Animals have served as linchpins of official Chinese policy on domestic wildlife conservation issues ever since. The purpose of Mammals of China is multifold. It first aims to supply the general public with information presented in a colorful, entertaining and understandable way, while focusing on the ultimate goals of promoting public awareness of the existence and importance of China's rich and diverse wild mammalian resources; promoting public awareness of the plight of many of these species and

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