# <<实用英语词汇学>>

#### 图书基本信息

- 书名: <<实用英语词汇学>>
- 13位ISBN编号:9787301192757
- 10位ISBN编号:7301192754
- 出版时间:2011-8
- 出版时间:北京大学出版社
- 作者:张华
- 页数:210

版权说明:本站所提供下载的PDF图书仅提供预览和简介,请支持正版图书。

第一图书网, tushu007.com

更多资源请访问:http://www.tushu007.com

## <<实用英语词汇学>>

#### 内容概要

由张华编著的本书全面地介绍了词汇学的基本概念、英语词汇的历史发展、词根词缀的构成、词汇意 义、词汇意义的关系变化以及词义在语境中的作用。

本书修订版一方面加强了词根和词缀部分的练习数量和难度以帮助学习者提高英语构词能力和词义理 解能力,另一方面着重强调词汇意义与语境的关系,因为只有通过语篇尤其是大量真实语料的阅读才 可以掌握词义。

每章后配有相当数量的练习,可以有效地帮助学生了解词义在语篇中的关联,克服词汇理解在语篇阅 读中的瓶颈,在阅读理解中寻找解决词汇问题的方法。

## <<实用英语词汇学>>

#### 书籍目录

chapter 1 lexicology and basic concepts of words and vocabulary

- 1.1 the definition of english lexicology
- 1.1.1 the domains of english lexicology
- 1.1.2 methods of study of lexicology
- 1.2 the definition of word
- 1.3 the definition of vocabulary
- 1.4 classification of words
- 1.4.1 full word and form word
- 1.4.2 popular word and learned word
- 1.4.3 abstract word and concrete word
- 1.4.4 transparent word and opaque word
- 1.4.5 polysemic word and monosemic word
- 1.4.6 native word and loan word
- exercises
- chapter 2 the development of the english vocabulary
- 2.1 the world languages
- 2.2 language classifications
- 2.2.1 morphological classification
- 2.2.2 structural classification
- 2.3 the indo-european language family
- 2.4 the historical overview of english vocabulary
- 2.4.1 old english (450-1150)
- 2.4.2 middle english (1150——1500) 2.4.3 modern english (1500——up to now)
- 2.5 three main sources of new words of the present-day english
- vocabulary
- 2.5.1 the rapid development of modern science and technology
- 2.5.2 social, economic, and political changes
- 2.5.3 the influence of other cultures and languages
- 2.6 modes of the development of the english vocabulary
- 2.6.1 creation
- 2.6.2 semantic change
- 2.6.3 borrowing
- exercises

chapter 3 the structure of english words and word-formation in english

- 3.1 the structure of english words
- 3.1.1 the morphological structures of words
- 3.1.2 types of morphemes
- 3.1.3 root, stem and base
- 3.2 wordformation in english
- 3.2.1 affixation
- 3.2.2 compounding
- 3.2.3 conversion
- 3.2.4 blending



3.2.5 clipping 3.2.6 acronymy 3.2.7 back-formation exercises chapter 4 word meaning 4.1 meaning 4.1.1 analytical (referential) definitions of meaning 4.1.2 operational (contextual) definitions of meaning 4.2 meanings of meaning 4.2.1 reference 4.2.2 concept 4.2.3 sense 4.3 types of motivation 4.3.1 onomatopoeic motivation 4.3.2 morphological motivation 4.3.3 semantic motivation 4.3.4 etymological motivation 4.4 types of meaning 4.4.1 grammatical meaning 4.4.2 lexical meaning 4.4.3 conceptual meaning 4.4.4 associative meaning exercises chapter 5 sense relations 5.1 polysemy 5.1.1 two approaches to polysemy 5.1.2 two processes of development 5.2 homonymy 5.2.1 types of homonyms 5.2.2 origins of homonyms 5.3 synonymy 5.3.1 sources of synonyms 5.3.2 discrimination of synonyms 5.3.3 association and collocation 5.4 antonymy 5.4.1 types of antonyms 5.4.2 characteristics of antonyms and the use of antonyms 5.5 hyponymy 5.5.1 superordinate and snhordinate terms 5.5.2 effect of them in use exercises chapter 6 changes in word meaning 6.1 can meaning change? 6.2 types' of changes 6.2.1 extension 6.2.2 narrowing 6.2.3 elevation



6.2.4 degradation 6.3 causes of changes 6.3.1 linguistic factors 6.3.2 extra-linguistic factors exercises chapter 7 meaning and context 7.1 types of context 7.1.1 linguistic context 7.1.2 extra-linguistic context 7.2 the role of context 7.2.1 elimination of ambiguity 7.2.2 clues for inferring word meaning in context exercises chapter 8 english dictionaries 8.1 the development of dictionaries 8.1.1 the origins of english dictionaries 8.1.2 the first english dictionaries 8.1.3 modern english dictionaries 8.2 types of dictionaries 8.2.1 linguistic and non-linguistic dictionaries 8.2.2 monolingual and bilingual dictionaries 8.2.3 general-purpose and specific-purpose dictionaries 8.3 using a dictionary 8.3.1 the dictionary entry 8.3.2 spelling 8.3.3 pronunciation 8.3.4 parts of speech and inflected forms of words 8.3.5 labels 8.3.6 the definition 8.3.7 etymology 8.3.8 synonyms exercises keys to exercises 附录一:英语词汇学术语表 附录二:希腊拉丁词根和词缀 (一)希腊拉丁词根 (二)希腊拉丁词缀 references

### <<实用英语词汇学>>

#### 章节摘录

But if you go away from well-governed States to Crito's friends in Thessaly, where there is great disorder and license, they will be charmed to have the tale of your escape from prison, set off with ludicrous particulars of the manner in whichyou were wrapped in a goatskin or some other disguise, and metamorphosed as thefashion of runaways is——that is very likely; but will there be no one to remind youthat in your old age you violated the most sacred laws from a miserable desire of alittle more life?

Perhaps not, if you keep them in a good temper; but if they are outof temper you will hear many degrading things; you will live, but how?

----- as the flatterer of all men , and the servant of all men ; and doing what ?

- eating and drinking in Thessaly, having gone abroad in order that you may get a dinner. And where will be your fine sentiments about justice and virtue then ?

Say that you wishto live for the sake of your children , that you may bring them up and educate them—will you take them into Thessaly and deprive them of Athenian citizenship ?

Is that the benefit which you would confer upon them ?

Or are you under theimpression that they will be better cared for and educated here if you are still alive, although absent from them; for that your friends will take care of them?

Do youfancy that if you are an inhabitant of Thessaly they will take care of them, and if youare an inhabitant of the other world they will not take care of them?

Nay; but if theywho call themselves friends are truly friends, they surely wilt.



#### 版权说明

本站所提供下载的PDF图书仅提供预览和简介,请支持正版图书。

更多资源请访问:http://www.tushu007.com